



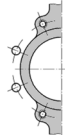

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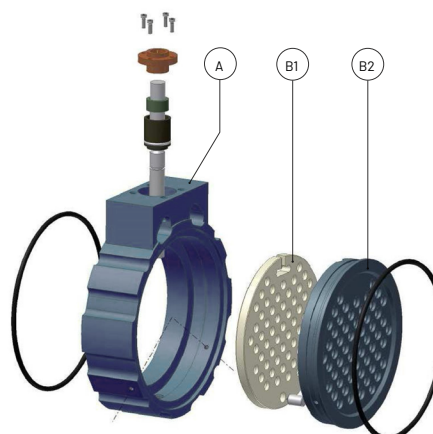
## MONOVAR® CONTROL VALVES



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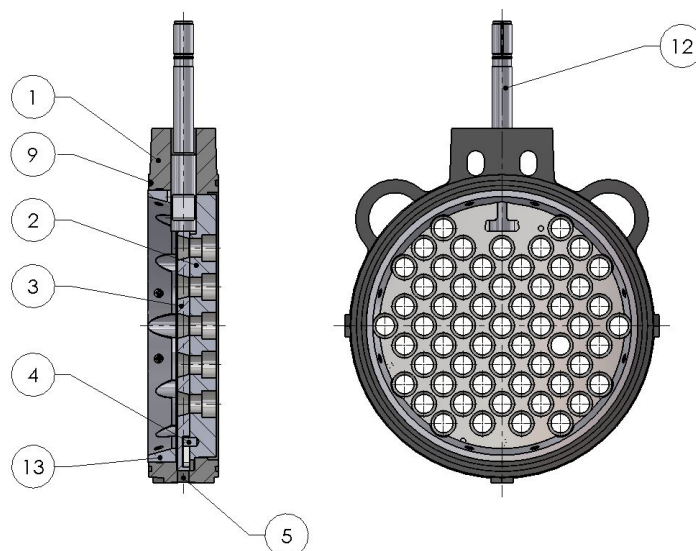


<b>Performance</b>	The maximum pressures and temperatures depend on the pressure / temperature ratio and the nature of the fluid.				
	Temperature, °C	-196 °C	-50 °C	100 °C	700 °C
	Pressure, bar	0	50	150 bar	
	Diameter, mm	DN100	DN2100	DN3000	
<b>Technology</b>	Multi-jet regulating and control valve, its design allows:				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an excellent cavitation coefficient,</li> <li>• a very precise adjustment of the flow or pressure,</li> <li>• manual or automatic adjustment,</li> <li>• a flow measurement,</li> <li>• a small footprint,</li> <li>• minimizing flow disturbances,</li> <li>• precise and stable performance.</li> </ul>				
<b>Technology</b>	The multiple material possibilities make the Monovar® valve compatible with the majority of critical industrial and water supply applications requiring adjustment and regulation of flow rate, or certain associated characteristics such as pressure, water supply requiring adjustment and regulation of the flow rate or certain associated characteristics such as pressure, pressure, temperature and temperature and level.				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adverse effects due to cavitation, vibrations, noise, and pressure fluctuations are greatly reduced.</li> <li>• Suitable for high speed applications.</li> <li>• Suitable for high pressure drop applications.</li> </ul>				
<b>Type of body</b>	Wafer		Lug		
<b>Face to Face</b>	Manufacturer Standard				
<b>Design Standard</b>	EN1349				
<b>Flange connection</b>	EN 1092-1 - PN10/16/20/25 - ANSI B16.5 class 150 - B16.47A - CI 150 - AWWA C207 - Others on request.				
<b>Certifications and approvals</b>	Drinking water: ACS (NSF61 on request)				
<b>Body</b>	Annular body, Wafer (DN100 to DN1500) and Lug (DN900 to DN2100) version.				
<b>Fixed and mobile plate</b>	Circular plates perpendicular to the flow, identically perforated. The downstream plate (B2) is fixed while the upstream plate (B1) is mobile and slides in relation to the fixed plate (B2). By dividing the flow into several jets distributed over the entire cross-section, the valve ensures that the energy of the fluid is dissipated in a controlled manner and under the best conditions				
<b>Estimated leakage rate</b>	B16-104 / CEI60534-4 DN100-500: Class III DN600 - 2100: Class IV				



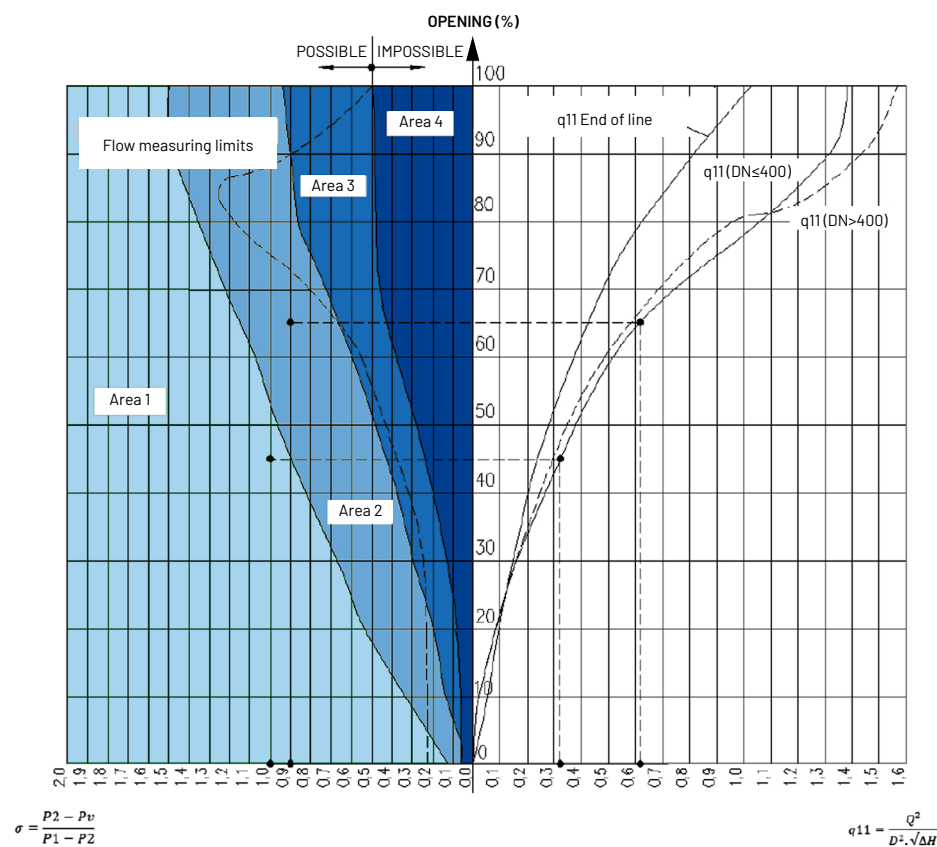
Part List

Designation	Material <sup>(1)</sup>	Coating
1 Body	Ductile iron	EN-JS1050 Epoxy
	Stainless steel <sup>(2)</sup>	1.4408 <sup>(2)</sup>
2 Fixed plate	Ductile iron	EN-JS1050
	Stainless steel	1.4021 or 304L PTFE
3 Moving plate	Ductile iron	EN-JS1050
	Stainless steel	1.4021 or 304L PTFE
4 Smooth axis	Aluminium bronze	
	Stainless steel	1.4021
5 Caps	Stainless steel	
9 O-rings	EPDM - NBR	
12 Operating shaft	Stainless steel	1.4021
13 Ring <sup>(3)</sup>	Ductile iron	EN-JS1050
	Stainless steel	1.4408



(1) Others on request  
 (2) Standard in DN100, optional for other DN's  
 (3) According to DN

Cavitation number MONOVAR<sup>®</sup>

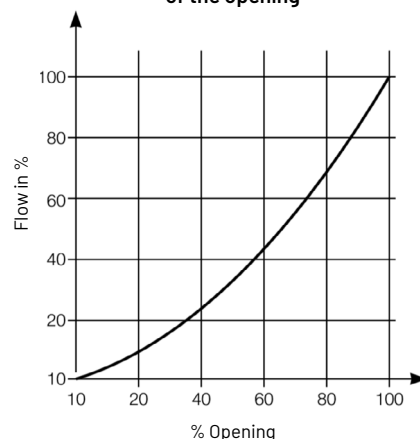


$$\sigma = \frac{P_2 - P_v}{P_1 - P_2}$$

$$q_{11} = \frac{Q^2}{D^2 \cdot \sqrt{\Delta H}}$$

1 - Basic data		Unit	Case 1	Case 2
Flow rate		m <sup>3</sup> /s	0,150	0,250
Upstream pressure		mce	50	48
Downstream pressure		mce	25	28
Pressure loss		mce	25	20
Pv, vapour pressure		mce	0,2	0,2
Pipe diameter		m	0,3	0,3
2 - Calculation q11				
q11			0,33	0,62
q11 < 1,3 ?			OK	OK
3 - Calculation sigma				
sigma			0,99	1,39
Operating area (graphic)			Area 1	Area 1

Flow rate in relation of the opening



Head loss coefficient / opening percentage

